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### **China Steel Corporation**

Forecasted Financial Statements for the Year Ending December 31, 2004

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Readers are advised that the original version of these financial statements is in Chinese. This English translation is solely for the readers' convenience and may present financial statements for periods not previously presented in a single document. If there is any conflict between these financial statements and the Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language financial statements shall prevail.

## English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

CHINA STEEL CORPORATION

FORECASTED BALANCE SHEET
DECEMBER 31, 2004
(WITH UPDATED FORECASTED DATA AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND COMPARATIVE HISTORICAL DATA AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001)
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Par Value)

		Forecast	13f December 31, 2003	603	<b>7</b>	Historical Data	Data				Ferrenst	nt December 31, 2003		-	Historical Data	Datn	
ASSETS	December 31, 2004		(Updated) Amount	*	December 31, 2002 Amount %		December 31, 2001	2001	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	December 31, 2004	1 1	(Updated) Amount	1 1 1	December 31, 2002 Amount %		December 31, 2001 Amount %	1002
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,022,616	-	1901,106,1	-	\$ 3,068,966	-		2	CURRENT LIABILITIES Short-term bank loans and overdraft	\$ 938,658	,	\$85.000	۰.	889,608	•	5,947,913	3
Short-term investments		15	30,000,000	15	19,751,336	10	12.206,524	9	Commercial paper payable	999,840	-	998,201		998,347	_	2,843,252	2
Notes receivable	438,103		647,109	٠.	378,442	٠.	36,14	٠.	Accounts payable	3,272,421	cı r	2,500,000		2,454,461		2,441,818	-
Accounts receivable	1,849,944		383 168		1,642,077		202 606	_	Income tax payable Other payable	6,491,437	<b>~</b> ~	4 560 000	~ ·	3, 130,522 5, 106, 533	~ (~	4310176	7
Inventories	16,780,082	- oc	16,250,000	20	15,468,476	×	18,371,621	5	Bonds payable—current portion	5,000,000	, 7	10,000,000	, v	9,200,000	'n	5,850,000	3 .
Pledged time deposits	6,100,000		6,900,000	3	6,900,000	4	8,200,000	4	Long-term debts-current portion	•		50,000		2,985,045	-	2,290,269	-
Other	464,140	1	616,832	1	258,069	7	1.035,803	7	Other	1,526,406	7	2,065,000	7	741,700	 	1.917,819	7
Total current assets	58,038,053	78	59,148,270	28	47,581,405	- 24	46,279,467	73	Total current liabilities	24.620.733		27,401,745	12 23	27.026,296	7	25,601,247	7
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS Long-term investment under equity method Long-term investment under cost method	35,478,678 7,168,571	3 7	36,657,412 7,986,258	17	31,473,197 3,938,258	16 2	30,562,653	15	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES Bonds Debis	10,000,000	s -	15,000,000	7	25.000.000	æ .	34,200,000	17
Prepayments for investments Other	217,919		178,794	• •	120,831		120,000	ار –	Total long-term liabilities	12,183,000	9	15,000,000	7	25,050,000	- F	37,655,293	19
Total long-term investments	42,865,168	30	44,822,464	73	35,532,286	<b>=</b>	35,026,411	18	RESERVE FOR LAND VALUE INCREMENT TAX	3,370,813	٦	3,370,813	2	3,370,813	2	3,370,813	٦
PROPERTIES Land	7,146,632	m	7,146,632	m	7,146,632	<b>4</b> (	6,764,647	₹ (	OTHER LIABILITIES Deferred income tax liability—noncurrent	4,291.243	. 2	3,947,243	2 .	3,584,788	2	4,256,172	۲۱ -
Land improvements Buildings and improvements	4,316,764	2 <u>7</u>	4,316,764 36,396,286	z <u>r</u>	35.814.229	7 2	35,664,534	7 8	Deferred credit—intercompany profit	1,405,040	1	1.402.040	- -	405,040	'	1.405,040	
Machinery and equipment			215,528,980	102	207,628,941		207,043,084	<u>.</u>	Total other liabilities	5,696,283	~	5,352,283	T .	4,989,828		5,661,212	٦
Transportation equipment Miscellaneous equipment	1,732,678	7 -	2,939,728	- 7	2,826,054	- 7	2,651,344	- 7	Total liabilities	45,870,829	- 22	51,124,841	24 60	60,436,937	티	72,288,565	36
Total cost	271,870,602	129	267,983,376	127	259,329,590	133	258,034,854	130	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Appreciation	18,346,007	وا ا	18,376,007	٦	18,403,007	2	18,405,855	6	shares at \$10 par value								
Total cost and appreciation	290,216,609	138	286,359,383	136	277,732,597		276,440,709	139	Common—1831ed 9,835,031, 9,452,332, 9,252,532, 99,261,168 thousand shares as of December 31, 2001, 2003, 2003, 20,4 20,01								
Less: Accumulated depreciation	196,460,214	리	187,501,748	83	177,076,769	8	167,376,583	<b>8</b>	respectively.	98,350,507	4	94,523,237	45 92	92,679,939	<del>2</del>	90,641,684	97
	93,756,395	4	98,857,635	41	100,655,828	52	109,064,126	55	referred—14% cummanve and participaning— issued 47,762, 47,762, 47,768								
Constructions in progress	11.917.842	9	3,992,668	7	6,815,268	7	3,183,839	٦	nousand snares as of December 31, 2004, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively	477,620	.	477,620	 	477,670	1	477.680	•
Net properties	105,674,237	205	102,850,303	6	107,471,096	25	112,247,965	\$6	Total capital stock	98,828,127	47	95,000,857	5	93,157,609	위 위	91,089,364	46
OTHER ASSETS Rental assets Refundable deposits	3,630,127 84,434	۲.	3,757,915 84,434	۲ ،	3,888,461	۲ ،	3,977,283	7 '	Capital surplus Retained earnings Other stockholders' equity	865,806 66,685,404	33	586.047	<del>*</del>   ' ∓	481,597	23	416.570 37,434,024	. 9
Restricted assets-pledged time deposits Other-mainly unamortized repair expense	31,396	. 1	31,396	. 1	31,396		31,396 1,353,706	٠٦	Unrealized loss on investees' long-term investments	( \$25,595)	•	\$25,595)	<u>.</u>	555,491)	,	569,837)	1
Total other assets	3,254,156	٦	4,404,625	٦	4,857,546	٦	5383,157	<b>"</b> ]	Cumulative unistation adjustments investees' unrecognized net loss on pension cost	15,647)	. <u>.</u>	15(47)	<u>ل</u> ا: '	15.626)	, .]	15.508)	' '
										( 446,826)	.] .]	446,826)	]	348,796)	]	386,464)	1

(\_\_\_1271,726) (\_\_\_1) (\_\_\_1,272,242) \_\_\_\_ (\_\_3245,077) (\_\_2) (\_\_\_1905,059) (\_\_\_1 164\_660,785 78 160\_100,821 76 135,005,396 69 126,648,435 64 \$210,531,614 100 \$211,225,662 100 \$125,442,333 119 \$128,237,000 100

> TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Total stockholders' equity

Treasury stock

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and basic assumptions on financial forecast are an integral part of this statement.

\$210,531,614 100 \$211,225,662 100 \$105,442,333 100 \$128,237,000 100

TOTAL ASSETS

### CHINA STEEL CORPORATION

FORECASTED STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2004
(WITH UPDATED FORECASTED DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND
COMPARATIVE HISTORICAL DATA FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001)
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

		Fore				listoric	al Data	
	2004		2003 (Upda		2002		2001	
	Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	<u>%</u>	Amount	%	Amount	<u>%</u>
REVENUES	\$128,871,529	100	\$128,562,818	100	\$ 99,939,846	100	\$ 85,101,266	100
COST OF REVENUES	84,855,263	_66	82,627,853	_64	<u>75,111,810</u>	<u>_75</u>	73,223,833	_86
GROSS PROFIT	44,016,266	_34	45,934,965	<u>36</u>	24,828,036	_25	11,877,433	_14
OPERATING EXPENSES	2.074.466		2,065,042	2	1 015 040	•	1 (00 710	2
Selling General and administrative	2,074,465	1	2,065,042	2 2	1,815,948 1,818,975	2 2	1,602,713	2 2
Research and development	2,190,879 914,969	2 1	907,158	-	819,497		2,030,550 <u>850,640</u>	_1
•				_		_		
Total operating expenses	5,180,313	4	5,148,000	4	<u>4,454,420</u>	4	4,483,903	5
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	38,835,953	<u>30</u>	40,786,965	_32	20,373,616	_21	7,393,530	9
NON-OPERATING INCOME								
Interest	75,690	•	119,471	-	238,543	•	660,107	1
Investment income under equity method	3,902,929	3	5,318,305	4	2,566,906	2	4 002 740	
Other investment income Other	412,322 <u>444,584</u>	1	328,691 430,768	ī	683,378	1	4,093,740 969,223	5 1
Other			450,700		005,576		909,223	<u> </u>
Total non-operating income	4,835,525	4	6,197,235	5	3,488,827	3	5,723,070	7
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES								
Interest	735,922	-	1,387,153	1	2,212,246	2	2,732,813	3
Investment loss under equity method	-	-	-	-	-	•	1,623,266	2
Other investment loss Other	910,556	1	597,047	<u>l</u>	329,534 624,849		353,722	1
Total non-operating expenses	1,646,478	1	1,984,200	2	3,166,629	3	4,709,801	6
NCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	42,025,000	33	45,000,000	35	20,695,814	21	8,406,799	10
INCOME TAX	9,147,437	_7	8,731,089	7	3,856,734	4	947,049	_1
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 32,877,563</u>	_26	\$ 36,268,911	<u>_28</u>	\$ 16.839.080	_17	<u>\$ 7,459,750</u>	<u>_9</u>
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE								
Before tax	<u>\$4.31</u>		<u>\$4.62</u>		<u>\$2.15</u>		<u>\$0.85</u>	
After tax	\$3.37		<u>\$3.72</u>		\$1.75		<u>\$0.75</u>	
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE								
Before tax	<u>\$4.29</u>		<u>\$4.60</u>		<u>\$2.15</u>		<u>\$0.85</u>	
After tax	\$3.36		\$3,71		<u>\$1.75</u>		<u>\$0.75</u>	
PRO FORMA INFORMATION AS IF THE CORPORATION'S SHARES HELD BY SUBSIDIARIES WERE ACCOUNTED FOR AS INVESTMENTS RATHER THAN TREASURY STOCKS:								
Net income	<u>\$ 33.157,322</u>		<u>\$ 36,427,077</u>		<u>\$ 16.983.408</u>			
Basic earnings per share Before tax	\$4. <b>3</b> 0		\$4.50		¢2 14			
After tax	\$4.29 \$3.37		<u>\$4.59</u> \$3.70		<u>\$2.14</u> \$1.75			
Diluted earnings per share	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Before tax	<u>\$4.28</u>		<u>\$4.57</u> \$3.69		<u>\$2.14</u> \$1.75			
After tax	<u>\$3.36</u>		<u>\$3.69</u>		<u>\$1.<b>7</b>5</u>			

# English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

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### CHINA STEEL CORPORATION

FORECASTED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2004
(WITH UPDATED FORECASTED DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND COMPARATIVE HISTORICAL DATA FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001)
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					Retained Earnings	(Sarnings		Unrealized Loss on Investees'	Cumulative	Investees' Unrecognized		Total
Historical data	Capit Preferred	Capital Stock	Capital Surplus	Legal	Special reserve	Unappropriated	Total	Long-term Investments	Translation	Net Loss on Pension Cost	Treasury Stock	Stockholders' Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2001	\$ 477,770	\$ 87,483,626	\$409,005	\$17,477,198	101,218,9	\$ 19,087,182	\$ 46,380,081	(\$149,728)	\$ 53,726	, 49	· •9	\$ 134,654,480
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(06)	06	,	1	•	•	•	,	•	•	•	•
Appropriation of 2000 eamings Legal reserve	•	•	1	1,858,154	•	(1,858,154)	•	•	•	•	•	,
Special reserve	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	•	100'96	(100'96)	. (201 001	•	٠	•	1	•
Capitalization of bonus to employees Compensation to directors and supervisors		489,126			, ,	( 489,126) ( 48,913)	( 489,126) ( 48,913)					48,913)
Cash dividends to preferred stockholders—15%	•	•	•	•	•	(25,17	( 71,652)	•	•	•	,	71,652)
Cash dividends to common stockholders—15% Stock dividends to preferred stockholders—3%		14,330	, ,			(13,122,557)	( 13,122,557) ( 14,330)	, ,				(13,122,557)
Stock dividends to common stockholders—3%	•	2,624,512	•	•	,	(2,624,512)	(2,624,512)	•		•	•	•
Purchases of treasury stock Net income for 2001						7 459 750	7 459 750	, ,			(1,905,059)	1,905,059)
Transfer of compensation payable to directors and supervisors to capital surplus	•	•	6,317	•	,	-	1		•		•	6,317
Adjustments of equity in investees due to change in percentage of ownership	,	•	1,248	,	٠	( 34,717)	(7117)	, 60	•		•	33,469)
Unrealized loss on investees Tong-term investments Translation admistments of investees' Inno-term investments		•				• ,	1 )	( 420,109)	145 155			(420,109)
Investees' unrecognized net loss on pension cost	1	'		•		1		'		(15.508)		(\$5.508)
BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2001	477,680	90,611,684	416,570	19,335,352	9,911,702	8,186,970	37,434,024	( 569,837)	188'861	(15,508)	( 1,905,059)	126,648,435
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(01 )	9	•	•	,	,	•	•		1	•	•
Shares held by subsidiaries accounted for as treasury stocks	•	•	•	,	•	٠	į	•	•	•	(1,356,485)	( 1,356,485)
I ransfer of special reserves to unappropriated earnings Transfer of capital surplus from gain on disposal of properties to unappropriated earnings		•	20,514)	2,051	( 2,200,000)	2,200,000 18,463	20,514	• 1				
Appropriation of 2001 earnings												
Legal reserve Special reserve	, ,	,	• •	745,975	- 290.463	( 745,975)	•		•	•	•	í
Capitalization of bonus to employees		276,458			· .	( 276,458)	( 276,458)		. ,	,		, ,
Compensation to directors and supervisors	•	•	•	•	•	( 27,646)	( 27,646)	,	,	٠	1	27,646)
Cash dividends to preferred stockholders—1.2% Cash dividends to common stockholders—8%		, ,				(57,322)	(51,322)	•	•		•	57,322)
Stock dividends to preferred stockholders2%	,	9,553	,	•	ı	(5556)	(5553)	•	•	•	•	(20,0=1,
Stock dividends to common stockholders-2%	•	1,782,234	•	,	,	(1,782,234)	(1,782,234)	•	. '	•	•	•
Net income for 2002	•	•	•	•	•	080'6£8'91	16,839,080	•		٠	,	16,839,080
Adjustments of equity in investees due to change in percentage of ownership Reversal of investigad loss on investees. Long term investments	•	•	7,927	•	,	( 51,407)	( 51,407)		•	1	1,773	46,707)
Translation adjustment of long-term investments	• •	•		, ,	. ,	) 1		14,740	23.510		( 1	23.510
Investees' unrecognized net loss on pension cost	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	,	(881)	•	188)
Disposal of the Corporation's shares held by subsidiaries Cash dividends declared by the Corporation and received by subsidiaries			6,004								14,694	20,698
												01000
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2002	\$ 477,670	\$ 92,679,939	\$481,597	\$ 20,083,378	\$ 8,002,165	\$ 16,874,520	\$ 44,960,063	(\$555,491)	\$222,391	(\$15,6%)	(\$3,245,077)	\$ 135,005,396
												(Continued)

# English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

								Unrealized		Investore,			
					Retained Earnings	Earnings		Investees'	Cumulative	Unrecognized		Total	:E
	Preferred Com	Stock	Capital	Legal	Special	Unappropriated	Total	Long-term Investments	Translation Adjustments	Net Loss on Pension Cost	Treasury Stock	Stockholders' Equity	olders'
2003 updated forecast													
Sales of treasury stock to employees	, 49		- (\$ 82,614)	1	· 69	(\$ 14,863) (\$	(\$ 14,863)	· •\$		•	\$1,904,543	\$ 1.80	1,807,066
Conversion of preferred stock to common stock	(05)	20		•	,	•		•	•	•	,		,
Appropriation of 2002 earnings													
Legal reserve		•	•	1,683,908	•	(83,908)	•		•		,		
Capitalization of bonus to employees	•	445,890	•	•	•	( 445,890)	( 445,890)		•	4	,		•
Compensation to directors and supervisors	•	1	1	•	•	( 44,589)	( 44,589)	•	•		,	7	44,589)
Cash dividends to preferred stockholders—14%	•	•	•	•	•	( 66,867)	( 66,867)	•	•	•	•		(298,99
Cash dividends to common stockholders-14%		1	•	•	•	(12,975,148)	(12,975,148)	•	•	,	•	12,97	12,975,148)
Stock dividends to preferred stockholders—1.5%	•	7,164	•	į	•	( 7,164)	7,164)	•	•	,	•		•
Stock dividends to common stockholders—1.5%		1,390,194	,	•	i	(1,390,194)	(1,390,194)	•	•	•	•		1
Disposal of the Corporation's shares held by subsidiaries	•		57,124	•	•	,	•	•	•	•	68,339	'	125,463
Net income for 2003	•	1	•	•	•	36,268,911	36,268,911	•	1	•	•	36,26	36,268,911
Reversal of investees' unrecognized net loss on pension cost	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	1	,	46	•		49
Reversal of unrealized loss on investees' long-term investments	•	•		•	•	•	•	59,896	•	•	,	•	29,896
Translation adjustments of long-term investments	•	,	•	•	•		•	•	( 127,975)	•	•	<u>'</u>	127,975)
Adjustment of long-term equity investments	•	•	1,082	•	•	51,274)	( 51,274)	•	)	•	( 47) (	-	50,239)
Cash dividends declared by the Corporation and received by subsidiaries		•	128,858			1		1	'	1			28,858
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2003	477,620	94,523,237	586,047	21,767,286	8,002,165	36,463,534	66,232,985	( 525,595)	94,416	(15,647)	( 1,272,242)	160,10	160,100,821
2004 foreçasi													
Sales of treasury stock to employees	•	•	,	•	•		•	•	•		916		916
Appropriations of 2003 carnings				100 707 0		(100 303 1							
Legal reserve				3,020,691		(169'070'6 )	1 20 500	•	•		•		,
Capitalization of bonus to employees	•	67116	,	•	•	(557/16)	(557,176 )	•	•		•		1 (
Bonus to directors and supervisors	•	•	1	٠	•	( 97,725)	( 97,725 )	•	1	•	'	_	97,725)
Cash dividends on preferred stock—30%	•	•	r	•		(143,286)	(143,286)	•	1		,	<u>-</u>	143,286)
Cash dividends on common stock—30%	•	•	٠	•	•	( 28,356,863)	( 28,356,863)	•	•		, -	28,3	28,356,863)
Stock dividends on preferred stock 3%	•	14,329	•	•	•	( 14,329)	( 14,329)	•		•	•		
Stock dividends on common stock-3%		2,835,686	•		•	( 2,835,686)	( 2,835,686)	,	•		,		•
Net income for 2004	•	•		•	•	32,877,563	32,877,563	•	•		,	32,8	32,877,563
Cash dividends declared by the Corporation and received by subsidiaries			279,759			1						2	279.159
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2004	\$ 477,620	\$ 98,350,507	\$865,806	\$ 25,394,177	\$ 8,002,165	\$ 33,289,062	\$ 66,685,404	(\$525,595)	\$ 94,416	(\$15,647)	(\$1,271,726)	\$ 164,660,785	560,785

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and basic assumptions on financial forecast are an integral part of this statement.

### **CHINA STEEL CORPORATION**

### FORECASTED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2004 (WITH UPDATED FORECASTED DATA FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND COMPARATIVE HISTORICAL DATA FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002 AND 2001) (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Fore	eca	ıst				
	_	•		2003		Histor	ical	l Data
		2004		(Updated)	-	2002		2001
	-	<del></del>			•			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Net income	\$	32,877,563	9	\$ 36,268,911	5	16,839,080	\$	7,459,750
Depreciation		10,261,239		11,036,313		11,335,753		11,954,277
Amortization		322,681		322,375		401,733		648,429
Deferred income tax		344,000		362,455		354,706	(	107,786)
Provision for (reversal of) allowance for bad debts		-		-		1,260	ì	615)
Provision for (reversal of) allowance for loss on							•	
inventories	,	2 002 020	,	- - 210 205)	,		(	241,685)
Investment loss (income) under equity method	(	3,902,929)	(	5,318,305)	(	2,566,906)		1,623,266
Investment loss under cost method		265.164		-		597,214		42.065
Loss on disposal of properties		367,164		30,331		64,678		43,865
Cash dividends on long-term investments under		2055060						1.48.004
equity method	,	2,955,860	,	1,638,771	,	1,343,998	,	148,894
Gain on disposal of investments	(	352,329)	(	328,691)	(	239,669)	(	4,081,649)
Exchange loss (gain) and amortization on forward								
exchange contract		-		-		5,073	(	33,141)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities								
Notes receivable		209,006	(	268,667)	(	233,648)		182,633
Accounts receivable		600,056	(	807,923)		172,607	(	87,424)
Other receivable		<del>-</del>	(	269,129)		88,567		20,391
Inventories	(	530,082)	(	781,524)		2,869,309		934,393
Other current assets		152,692	(	358,763)	(	256,507)	(	847,969)
Accounts payable		772,421		45,539		650,182		19,680
Income tax payable	(	152,107)		2,913,022		3,730,522	(	3,339,555)
Other payable		, ,	(	. ,		777,243	(	1,250,553)
Other current liabilities	(_	538,594)	-	323,300	(_	176,119)	_	234,912
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	45,218,612	-	44,261,482	-	35,792,912	_	13,280,113
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Acquisition of properties	(	13,324,549)	(	6,315,305)	(	6,534,741)	(	5,738,543)
Proceeds from disposal of long-term investments	`	647,280	`	9,641	`	-, - , -,	`	•
Decrease (increase) in short-term investments		273,465	(		(	7,305,143)	(	917,378)
Increase in long-term investments	(	738,958)	•	5,510,313)	-	1,148,397)	•	2,617,955)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	•	-	`	-,,,	`	35,057	ì	1,622,360)
Decrease (increase) in pledged time deposits		800,000		-		1,300,000	ì	600,000)
Deticate (merease) in proages time deposite	_	000,000	-		-	1,1000,000	\ <u> </u>	000,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(_	12,342,762)	(_	21,739,870)	(_	13,653,224)	(_	11,496,236)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Cash dividends	(	28 500 149)	(	13,042,015)	(	7,166,275)	(	13,180,003)
Increase (decrease) in commercial paper payable	(		(	146)		1,844,905)	•	1,750,333
Increase (decrease) in short-term bank loans		1,000	,	140)	`	1,044,703)		1,100,000
and overdraft		353,658	(	224,688)	(	5,138,225)		3,014,880
Increase (decrease) in long-term debts		2,133,000	(	2,985,045)	•			2,546,834)
mercase (decrease) in long-term debis		2,133,000	,	2,700,040)	(	4,710,317)	(	2,370,034)
								(Continued)

	Forecast
\$ 4 6 6 4 5	Harden J. 2003 Par De Historical Data
	2004 (Updated) 2002 2001
	table from stoff years loader to the first course of
Purchase of treasury stock	\$ - \$ - \(\frac{1}{2}\)\$ (\$\(\frac{1}{2}\),905,059)
Decrease in payable on properties purchased	- ( 637,539) ( 4,202)
Increase (decrease) in bonds payable	(10,000,000) $(9,200,000)$ $(5,850,000)$ $238,000$
Compensation to directors and supervisors	( 97,725) ( 44,589) ( 27,646) ( 48,913)
Sales of treasury stocks to employees	516 1,807,066 -
Net increase in cash resulting from purchase of	
forward exchange contract	19-19-20-20-21-38-478
	t adia Alto II thoras I into the line of the activities are
Net cash used in financing activities	$(\underline{36,109,061})$ $(\underline{23,689,417})$ $(\underline{23,372,897})$ $(\underline{12,643,320})$
	$\left(1000000000000000000000000000000000000$
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	G 713 - 3161
ADJUSTMENT OF LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS	IS any main register to the first of the fir
IN 2003 UPDATED AMOUNTS	3,354,666
្រុមស្រី។ ស្រី ស្រីមានសិក្សា មានប្រសា	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEA	EAR Extr <sub>3</sub> \$ (2,022,616) is \$ 1,901,161  \$ 3,068,966 in \$ 4,302,175
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	•
Interest paid (excluding capitalized interest)	\$ 1,138,047 \$ 1,848,437 \$ 2,478,479 \$ 2,952,306
Income tax paid	8,955,544 5,455,612 27,178 4,394,390
	CBURSONSBURY GOOD TO KNOW TO THE
NONCASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Long-term debts due within one year	\$ 5,000,000 \$ 10,050,000 \$ 12,185,045 \$ 8,140,269
The Corporation's shares acquired and held by	
subsidiaries accounted for as treasury stock	- 1,271,726 de 1,271,726 de 1,340,018 de 1 -
	ी असम्बद्धार प्राप्त में अस्ति एक्ट १३० है। यह स्टेशन क्रिक्ट के सामित पर से व

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The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and basic assumptions on financial forecast are an integral part of this statement.

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### English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Assued in Chinese 1819 a said to the talking a said to talking a said to the talking a said to the talking a said to talking a said to talking

### CHINA STEEL CORPORATION

### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIC ASSUMPTIONS ON FINANCIAL FORECAST

(Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Stated)

### A. GENERAL

Laborary to the rest of the fact of the fa The Corporation publishes its financial forecasts, in compliance with regulations stipulated by the Securities and Futures Commission in Taiwan, Republic of China (ROC), to provide investors with information on future operations.

On December 4, 2003, the Corporation completed the preparation of its forecasted financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2004 (hereinafter, "2004") based on the management's best assumption, estimates and evaluation of future operations. The basic assumptions stated herein are those that management considers are material to affect the forecasted financial statements. There will usually be differences between the forecasted and actual results because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material. TERMAN TO USE WOUND TO STATE

The forecasted data for the year ending December 31, 2003 were excerpted from the forecasted financial statement which were finally updated in October 2003, and the historical data for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 were excerpted from such years' audited financial statements. Those financial data are presented for comparison and reference purposes. figures of many

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### B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The second of th The forecasted financial statements of the Corporation are prepared in conformity with the ROC Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 16 "Preparation of Financial Forecasts" and the reasonable basic assumptions as made by the Coporation's management.

The significant accounting policies are summarized below. មិន បាននេះ។ នៅស្ថិតនាក់តំពង្គប្រជាពលរាជាសេដ្ឋា ពួករបស់សម្រាប់ សម 

### Use of Estimates

The Accounting Standards require management to make estimates and judgments that affect the recorded amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expense of the Corporation. The Corporation continually evaluates these estimates, including those related to doubtful accounts, inventories loss, useful lives of properties, and loss from lawsuits and pension. The Corporation bases its estimates on historical experience and assumptions, which it believes to be reasonable under the circumstance. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

### Assets and Liabilities Classified as Current and Non-current

Current assets include cash and other assets that are reasonably expected to be realized in cash, or to be consumed within one year from the balance sheet date; otherwise are non-current assets. Current liabilities are liabilities that are reasonably expected to be liquidated within one year; otherwise are non-current liabilities.

### Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents represent commercial papers within three months of maturity.

### Short-term Investments halt of set became possible and the energy of distance of the degradation of set of the adjustment and the energy of the safe and the energy of the

Short-term investments consist of bond funds and stocks listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange without long-term holding intent and are stated at the lower of weighted average cost or market value. Loss on declined market value is charged to income or loss when it occurs. The allowance for investment loss is created to account for the loss resulting from the excess of total costs over the market value. While the market price is recovery, the allowance account will be reversed to the extent of remaining balance. The cost of sale of investment is calculated under the weighted average method. Market value represents net assets value of bond funds at balance sheet date or monthly average price of listed stocks in the latest month of the period.

Stock dividends received from investees are not recorded as investment income but as an increase in shares. Accordingly, the carry value per share is recalculated on the basis of totally owned shares. Cash dividends are recorded as investment income for current year, except for as a deduction to its original investment for the initial investing year.

### Supplied Allowance for Doubtful Accounts that the respect box of the district of the control of

The allowance for doubtful accounts is provided on the evaluation of the collectibility of individual receivables.

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### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of raw materials, supplies, fuelly finished products, work in process, by-products and construction in progress. Inventories, except for construction in progress, are stated at the lower of total moving weighted average cost of market value. Market value represents net realizable value for finished products, work in process, by-products and construction in progress, and replacement costs for raw materials, supplies and fuel a Construction in projects over more year are valued under the percentage-of-completion method, and construction in progress is stated at the costs incurred plus (less) the estimated gain (loss).

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### Long-term Investments in Shares of Stock

Long-term stock investments of which the Corporation owns at least 20% of the outstanding voting shares or where the Corporation has significant influence on the investees are accounted for by the equity method. When the equity method is first applied or when a stock is acquired, the difference between the carrying value of an investment and the proportionate equity in the investee is amortized over five years. The Coporation recognizes investment income or losses using the investees' financial statements for the same accounting period, unless the financial statements of investee cannot be obtained in time; then the Corporation recognizes investment income or losses in the semi-annual financial statements, using the investees' financail statements of preceding year. Unrealized gains or losses from transactions with investees and from transactions between investees are eliminated. Cash dividends received from investees are recorded as a deduction in the investment carrying value. Translation adjustments, unrealized loss on investees' long-term investments and unrecognized net loss on pension cost are recognized proportionately by the Corporation's shareholdings. When the investee issues additional shares but the Corporation does not acquire shares at a ratio equal to its initial equity, the Corporation's ownership percentage is changed. As a result, capital surplus is adjusted for the difference between the carrying values of the investments and the Corporation's equity in the investees' net assets. If the carrying value is less than equity in net assets, the difference is credited to capital surplus. If the carrying value is more than equity in net assets, the difference is debited to capital surplus or unappropriated earnings while capital surplus is unavailable. If the market prices of investees decline significantly and not temporarily, the investment loss should be recognized as realized loss in the same year of the decline. Such investment will be reevaluated by the equity method if an investee's market value becomes higher than book value per share. The difference between the new cost of the investment and the proportionate equity in the investee is amortized over five years.

Other long-term investments in shares of stock are accounted for by the cost method, iff certain evidence indicates that the market value of investments has significantly declined, not temporarily, the decline should be recognized as a realized investment loss. The previous carrying value less the amount of write-down becomes the new cost basis for such investments. Cash dividends received from investee are recorded as a deduction in the investment carrying value for the initial year, otherwise, they are recorded as investment income. Upon sale of investment, the cost of investment sold is calculated under the weighted average method. The state of the state

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re.

Properties and rental assets (under other assets) are stated at cost or cost plus appreciation, less accumulated depreciation. Interest expense arising from the purchase or construction of properties is capitalized as cost. Major additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized while maintenance and repairs are expensed currently. The contract of the

Depreciation of properties is provided by the straight-line method over service lives estimated as follows: land improvements, 10 to 40 years; buildings and improvements, 5 to 60 years; machinery and equipment, 3 to 25 years; transportation equipment, 3 to 25 years; miscellaneous equipment, 3 to 10 years. Depreciation on appreciation is provided by the straight-line method over the remaining service lives of the revalued assets. When a property reaches its original service life but is still in use, its residual value is written off over its reestimated service life.

Depreciation of machinery and equipment leased to the Corporation's investee (under other assets—rental assets) is calculated by the working hour method. The studing the state of the stat

Upon sale or disposal of properties, the related cost, appreciation and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts. Gains or losses are credited or charged to current income. Before 2000, any such gains, net of applicable income tax, are transferred to capital surplus at year-end, and the accumulated amounts were retransferred to retained earnings under the resolution of 2002 shareholders' meeting.

### Unamortized Repair Expense

医神经素的细胞性皮肤 一点一点一点 Unamortized repair expense refers to the major repair of blast furnaces and is amortized by the straight-line method over five years) and the second secon

### and the state of t Treasury Stock, to the second second of belongs. If the next grand of the second secon

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and the second the propositional end to the discount of the second secon The Corporation acquires its share stock in accordance with government regulations, and recorded such shares as treasury stock at cost and is presented as a deduction of stockholder's equity.

Effective 2002, the Corporation's shares acquired and held by subsidiaries are accounted for as treasury stock, adjusted from the long-term investments, at the carry value (recorded as short-term or long-term investments by subsidiaries) as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of January 1, 2002, good and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of the subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of the subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries as of the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries and the subsidiaries are subsidiaries are subsidiaries are subsidiaries are subsidiaries and subsidiaries are sub The first section of the section section and the passings of the barrier section (see the section)

### Revenue Recognition

Tagamam a Jawa Walin Talim - Dud Iymala -Revenues are recognized when titles to products and risks of ownership are transferred to customers: domestic sales—when products are out of the Corporation's premises for delivery to customers; exports—when products are loaded onto vessels. Allowance for sales returns and discounts are estimated based on probability. Committee the second second second 

Sales are measured with fair value which is a price (net of trade discounts and sales discounts) agreed by the Corporation and consumers. However, while the related receivable is due within one year, the difference between its present value and receivable amount is immaterial and transactions are frequent, the present value of related receivables are not calculated by discounting imputed interest rate.

Pension

Pension costs are recognized on the basis of actuarial calculations. The difference between the actuarial pension cost and its contribution to pension funds is recorded as accrued pension liability. Unamortized net transition assets and actuarial gains or loss are amortized over 11 years and the average remaining service life of existing employees, respectively.

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### Income Tax

Income tax is provided on inter-period allocation basis. Tax effects on deductible temporary differences are recognized as deferred income tax assets. Valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets with uncertain realizability. Tax effects of taxable temporary differences are recognized as deferred tax liabilities. Deferred tax asset or liability is classified as current or noncurrent depending on the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting. But if the deferred income tax asset or liability cannot be related to an asset or liability for financial reporting, the classification is based on the expected reversal or realization date of the temporary difference.

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The tax credits from expenditures for purchase of equipment, research and development, and employees' training costs are recognized as income tax credits when those credits are granted.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

Annual earnings is appropriated under a resolution adopted in the stockholders' meeting in the next year. Under tax regulations, unappropriated earnings are subject to 10% income taxes. Such taxes are recorded as expenses when the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

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### Foreign-currency Transactions

Foreign-currency transactions, except derivative financial instruments, are recorded in New Taiwan dollars at the rates of exchange in effect when the transactions occur. Gains or losses resulting from the application of different exchange rates when foreign-currency assets and liabilities are settled, are credited or charged to income in the year of settlement. On the balance sheet date, foreign-currency assets and liabilities are restated at the prevailing exchange rates and resulting adjustments are credited or charged to income. Long-term investments accounted for by the cost method are adjusted as translation adjustment under stockholder's equity if the translated New Taiwan dollar amount is lower than cost; if higher, no adjustment is made. Those investments accounted for by the equity method are translated based on investees' foreign-currency financial statements, and the change in investment from exchange rate is shown as cumulative translation adjustment under stockholders' equity.

### Derivative Financial Instruments

Forward exchange transactions entered into as hedge for foreign-currency net assets or net liabilities are recorded in New Taiwan dollars at the spot rates on the date of each forward contract. The differences between spot rates and forward rates are amortized over the period of each forward contract and recognized as gains or losses. Year-end balances of forward exchange contracts are restated at the prevailing exchange rates and the resulting adjustments are credited or charged to income. Exchange gains or losses on forward exchange transactions entered into as hedge for foreign-currency commitments are deferred as adjustments to transaction prices. If the adjusted transaction prices are over their market values, the exchange loss with excess amount is recognized when it occurs.

The related receivable and payable balances for forward contracts are netted against each other and the resulting balance is presented as either current asset or liability.

### Reclassification

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Certain accounts for the year ending December 31, 2003 and the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 have been reclassified to conform to the classification in 2004. The state of the best transfer to the classification in 2004. is the second the control of a few terms of the control may be a control of the c

### HORDING POOR THE LEADER AND THE SERVE C. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT BASIC ASSUMPTIONS

The forecasted data for 2004 is based on current market situation, operation plans and the management's best estimates of future operations. MARKELL MERCHANISH STATE OF THE STATE OF

### and the contract of the contra

1. Statement of income in a Citizent of the Administration of the Market of the Community o The forecasted revenues and cost of revenues for 2004 as compared with those of 2003 are summarized why products as follows: A compactate and and applications research or beating an interior application

	પ્રવાદ તાલી	in parasterios <b>2004</b>		talitzileet to. <b>20</b>		15 7 KB
a to english	Quantity (Tons)		Amount	Quantity (Tons)	Unit Price	Amount _
Revenues	s"	रायम 'डॉ. कि.से.ड -	, <del>.</del>			(
Hot rolled coil and sheet	4,317,400	\$ 11,047	47,693,813	4,501,296	\$ 10,816 \$	,,
Cold rolled coil and sheet				2,641,440	15,213	40,183,852
Wire rod, plate and bar	2,797,600	o <b>1⁄2,521</b> 02ida.	35,029,642	≈12,967,31,8 ≳i	11,582	34,368,775
Other steel products	207,000 50	ų 1 <b>8;42</b> 1.1 ag. u.	1,743,221	229,950:	8,834	2,031,469
By-products and non-steel	ir drays.	ะ สปาส์ธานา แ	2/16/89* 31 P	hodalok idi	on averages.	
products			1,076,145			1,679,285
Services and others			1,795,384	ارد ۱ <del>۱ مربور در در</del>	· · · · · -	<u>1,614,428</u>
Total	10,000,000	- าเลเก๋า รา <mark>\$1</mark>	<u>28,871,529</u>	10,340,004	<u>\$</u>	<u>128,562,818</u>
Cost of revenues						
Cost of revenues	e kamana wale	e englis	ora Satistica	naluks n		37 - 24.
Hot rolled coil and sheet	•					29,560,176
Cold rolled coil and sheet						
Wire rod, plate and bar						25,096,122
Other steel products						, 1,309,346
By-products and non-steel	Park the Land	1 1910 19508	1 201 950	meml. Ind	im i i i irir	1 660 040
g products Services and others	(1971年)(1964年) [1]	ា ហែង សមនា	1 002 061	s in the second of the	9.95	1,660,949
Services and others	ar ki kisiga li si	ិ ខណ្ឌ អង្គបែ <del>នប</del>	1,082,001	Para Language	• • • •	774,791
Total		<u>\$</u>	84,855,263		<u>\$</u>	82,627,853
C			2.407	RECORD RECORD	11.€	2604
Gross profit ratio	រោក សម្ពាទាក់ ពេក សម្ពាទាក់	suffered as a	<u>34%</u>	eti. e		<u>36%</u>
						:
a. Revenues ( ) 1 / 1 / 1	Maria de Maria de Caractería d				11.05	

### and the first of the decision of the second section of the section of the second section of the section

The Corporation anticipates no significant change in the international steel market demand and prices, based on the current available sales orders and the market price for the first quarter of 2004. The average unit selling price is expected to increase by 4%, as compared with the updated forecast in 2003. Based on the operation plans, the sales quantities for main steel products will decrease by the terminal of the second of the 3%.

The 2004 forecasted revenues increase by \$308,711, as compared with those of 2003. The increase as analyzed by the main products is as follows:

### 1) Hot rolled coil and sheet

The Corporation anticipates the sales quantities will decrease by 4% and the unit selling price will increase by 2%, due to betterment of hot rolled plant. Collectively, the revenues will decrease by \$991,196 (2%).

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### 2) Cold rolled coil and sheet

The market demand for cold rolled coil and sheet will increase. As such, the unit selling prices and sales quantities are anticipated to increase by 2% and 1%, respectively, resulting in the increase in revenues by \$1,349,472 (3%).

### Wire rod, plate and bar had had been seen and bar had been seen and the seen and th

The Corporation anticipates that the sales quantities will decrease by 6% due to the shut down for annual maintenance and betterment of facilities, but the unit selling prices of these products will increase by 8%. Collectively, the revenues will increase by \$660,867 (2%).

### 4) Other steel products

Due to the market demand and change in product combination, the unit selling prices and the sales quantities of other steel products will decrease by 5% and 10%, repectively, resulting in the decrease in revenues by \$288,248 (14%).

### b. Cost of revenues to the term of language and the language and the control of the language and the control of the language and the language

The 2004 forecasted cost of revenues as compared with those of 2003 will increase by \$2,227,410 (3%), mainly attributes to the followings:

### 1) Raw materials - 1 of the control of the control

Based on the existing purchase contracts and the increase in international shipping expense, the Corporation anticipates the raw material unit cost will increase by \$367 (9%) per ton, but sale quantities is planned to decrease by 3%, the cost of raw material will increase by \$2,004,558 (5%), as compared to updated forecast in 2003.

### 2) Direct labor

This consists mainly of employees' salaries and wages, bonus, overtime pay, insurance and pension. The bonus is anticipated to decrease resulting from a decrease in 2004 earnings, but the salary and wage rates increase. Collectively, the labor cost will not have significant change.

regres that not be ready in the real transfer upon the fact.

### 3) Manufacturing expenses beautian 4000 with an annuarity bullion appropriate and

The manufacturing departments estimated 2004 manufacturing expenses based on historical data, production budgets, price level, personnel and annual maintainance plan for each expense item. The Corporation anticipates the forecasted manufacturing expense will increase by \$403,625 (2%), as analyzed below:

### a) Personnel expenditure

This consists mainly of salaries and wages, bonus, overtime pay and pension. Due to the decrease in forecasted earnings, the incentive bonus will decrease, but there is an increase in salaries and wages rates. Consequently, personnel expenditure may increase by \$296,382 (4%).

the Hot rolled co in the total

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· b) Variable overhead

This consists mainly of the expenses of maintenance, utilities, fuel, packing and factory supplies. The Corporation anticipates an increase of \$652,224 (11%) in fuel and factory supplies due to the price inflation. No significant change is expected in other variable overhead as compared with those in 2003.

c) Other expenses

Other expenses in 2004 are estimated based on the actual expenses during January to Property of the Property of the November 2003.

Depreciation will decrease by \$717,047 (7%) because certain machinery and equipments will be fully depreciated from the second quarter of 2004.

The Corporation on Engaged Tauthered Section 12 to 2 and 2 of the Operating expenses the first wife and the first of the expension of the relationship.

r og har i florende alles ann earling i great ann an air an a Operating expenses in 2004 are estimated based on the actual expenses in 2003 and the 2004 forecasted sales.

No significant change is expected in the forecasted operating expenses for 2004, detailed as follows:

And the state of t 1) Personnel expenditure

This cosists mainly of salaries and wages, bonus, overtime pay, insurance and pension. Personnel expenditure will decrease by \$91,728 (4%), mainly attributes to the decrease in incentive bonus and number of employees.

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2) Variable expenses

This consists mainly of commission, professional services, office supplies, transportation and ... maintenance. No significant change is expected for such variable expenses.

3) Other expenses

Of the great pareups or call the Other expenses in 2004 are estimated based on the actual expenses during January to November 2003. No significant change is expected for such expenses.

- d. Non-operating income and expenses, and the least policy for the street and
  - (a) Interest income and expenses paracological controls of the income and expenses paracological controls of the control of th

The forecasted interest expenses for 2004 is based on the outstanding balances of short-term bank loans, long-term debts and bonds payable, with interest rate at 0.22%-6.08%, less capitalized interest of about \$167,953, and expected to decrease by \$651,231 (47%) as compared with updated forecast in 2003. The forecasted interest income for 2004 is calculated based on the average time deposits and commercial papers balance with interest rate at 0.35%-1.0%, and expected to decrease by \$43,781 (37%), resulting from decline in the outstanding debt balance and interest rates compared with those of 2003.

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### 2) Investment income

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The forecasted investment income includes income under the equity method of \$3,902,929, dividends income from preferred stocks of \$59,993 and gain on disposal of short-term investment of \$352,329. The forecasted investment income under the equity method is recognized based on the investees' forecasted operating results as follows:

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List for Dr. Die See List for Dr. Die See List for die See John State (1988 – 1988) (1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 List for die See John State (1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988 – 1988	Investees' Net Income (Loss)	% of Ownership	Investment Income (Loss)
Investment income (loss) recognized under equity method	1545 114	1944 1954 - 1954	
China Steel Express Corporation	\$1,798,586	100	\$1,798,048
Gains Investment Corporation	88,732	100	88,732
C. S. Aluminium Corporation	387,112	69	267,959
China Steel Global Trading Corporation	185,979	100	185,086
China Prosperity Development Corporation	1,012	100	1,012
China Steel Security Corporation	19,125	100	19,117
Info-Champ Systems Corporation	83,493	99	82,842
China Hi-ment Corporation	238,031	20	48,296
China Ecotek Corporation	24,038	. 36	8,675
China Steel Structure Corporation	56,250	1.8	10,064
China Steel Chemical Corporation	679,606	~+ <b>30</b>	207,212
Taisil Electronic Materials Corporation	644,174	35	225,461
Kuei Yi Industrial Corporation	105,000	35	36,750
Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Corporation	( 98,632)	,,31	( 30,872)
China Steel Asia Pacific Holdings Ptd. Ltd.	368,972	in 3100 1	368,972
China Steel Machinery Corporation	13,520	100	13,520
Taiwan Rolling Stock Co., Ltd.	3,612	27	966
China Steel Management Consulting Corporation	3,957	38	1,485
Yieh Loong Enterprises Corporation (YLEC)	361,493	24	513,211
Goang Yaw Investment Corporation and other			
two companies	56,393	99	56,393
Investment income-net and many many many many	togethe beautiful to the second	i gentali i sama Ali sama	\$3,902,929

The forecasted investment income of YLEC represents mainly amortization of the difference between the carrying value of the investments and the Corporation's equity in the YLEC's net assets.

### e. Income tax

The forecasted 2004 income tax is calculated as follows:

Tax on pretax income at statutory rate (25%) Depreciation difference Investment income	\$10,506,250 344,000 (1,078,813)
Tax on unappropriated earnings	9,771,437 90,000
Investment tax credit	$(\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$
Change in deferred income tax	(344,000)

\$ 9,147,437

 $\alpha \leftarrow$ 

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भागता व की किरोबा काव राज्य राज्य है। अंदर्भ की सकता अने दूरी अंदर्भ द

Income tax payable is net of prepaid income tax.

### f. Earnings per share

Following is the reconciliation of the numerators and denominators used in calculating basis and diluted earnings per shares. The second state of the second secon

and the many rate for

	aper a lucous a rount da e rolleit de lucus gr	Numerator-Amount	Denominator —Thousand
	2004 (Forecast)	Before Tax After Tax 2004 (Forecast)	Shares
· · ·	2004 (Forecast)	2004 (Forecast)	
' 4.4 <u>ME</u>	Net income A Less: Dividends to preferred stockholders	\$42,025,000 \$32,877,563 Weighted average of issued common shares  85,471 66,867 Less: Weighted average of treasury stocks	9,835,051
2 J. 2	the state of	60016 1700 8-4 Held blesubsidiaries	96,051
. * * *	Basic EPS	to the little stone in Company that	
	Net income belonging to common stockholders Effect of potential dilutive shares	( . ) A hamiliant Corp. (2018) 32. (41,939,529 32,000) A	9,739,000
÷.	14% cumulative convertible	that Prosperies Forest commit Committee As	
	preferred stockholders	<u>85,471</u> <u>9.00 66,867</u> 11 5 2 5996 301	47,762
1	Diluted EPS	$\langle x_{ij} \rangle = \langle x_{ij} \rangle \langle x_{ij$	
•	Net income belonging to	at the suffrage attribution	
,	common stockholders and	Navi de Cara d	
٠, ٠	effect of potential dilutive shares	tion of an employer Provide analysis \$42,025,000 (\$32,877,563) optimized the Read of	9,786,762
-	•		
	2003 (Updated Forecast)	100000 000 000 2003 (Updated Forecast)	
•	Net income	\$45,000,000 \$32,268,91111 Weighted average of issued	
7.4	Less: Dividends to preferred	22.064	9,452,324
	stockholders	82,964 66,867 Add: Retroactive adjustments for	
ei . V	Name (1997)	capitalization of retained earnings	382,727
· · · · · ·		The state of the s	
	<b>-</b> ',,	Purchased by the Corporation	6,285
-	Basic EPS	—Held by subsidiaries	96,051
	Net income belonging to common stockholders	44,917,036 36,202,044 to the second of the	9,732,715
1	Effect of potential dilutive shares 14% cumulative convertible	ernar vada 19 ombredagen keep ta voor 18 a	47,762
	preferred stocks	82,964 66.867	
	Diluted EPS  Net income belonging to common stockholders and	$\mathcal{L}_{i} = \mathcal{L}_{i} = \mathcal{L}_{i}$	
	effect of potential dilutive shares	\$45,000,000 \$36,268,911 \$4.772	<u>9.780,477</u>
e e e e e e e	2002	2002	
	Net income	\$20,695,814 \$16,839,080 Weighted average of issued	
- 1	Less: Dividends to preferred stockholders	common shares  82.190 66.874 Add: Retroactive adjustments for	\$ 9,267,994
•	ì	capitalization of retained earnings  Less: Weighted average of	567,052
* . *		treasury stocks' —Purchased by the Corporation	150,000
		—Held by subsidiaries	101.210
			(Continued)

		Numerat Before Tax	or-Amount	Call Carry Carry	Denominator —Thousand Shares
1 1 + j	Basic EPS Net income belonging to common stockholders Effect of potential dilutive shares			reliation of the second of the	9,583,836
\$ 1 7 m	14% cumulative convertible preferred stocks	82,190	66,874	a analysis is given a	47,767
18 4 0.81 10.61	Diluted EPS Net income belonging to common stockholders and			99.42 52. 39.9 3. 45.43.8	
	effect of potential dilutive shares	\$20,695,814	<u>\$ 16.839.080</u>	2 1 M 26 2 4 M 2 1 M 26 1	\$ 9.631.603
1	2001		- N. B. V	**200F*********************************	
1892 <u>2</u> (17	Net income Less: Dividends to preferred stockholders	\$ 8,406,799 		Weighted average of issued common shares  Add: Retroactive adjustments for capitalization of retained	9,061,168
				earnings Less: Weighted average of	773,877
	Net income belonging to common stockholders	( <u>\$`8,331,434</u> 7)	<u>\$27.392.875</u>	treasury stocks —Purchased by the Corporation	29,925 9.805,120

I.A. CE for added a messegood operator lastic to a short more in the CESTAND of the contract of t

The number of shares are retroactively adjusted for the effect of retained earnings capitalized for the EPS calculation for 2004. Thus basic EPS before tax and after tax are decreased from \$4.80 to 4.62 and \$3.87 to \$3.72 for 2003, from \$2.24 to \$2.15 and \$1.82 to \$1.75 for 2002, and from \$0.88 to \$0.85 and \$0.78 to \$0.75 for 2001, respectively. क्षा पर्धिका । या ने देशा एकू अन्वप्रधानिकोई

### 2. Balance sheet

### Long-term investments

As stated under item C.1.d.2), the forecasted investment income will be \$3,902,929 and the Corporation will implement the additional investments of \$738,958. The movement of these Lazedo Hararia de la investments are expected as follows:

Para Agund - Bahali kamang bakaman S - Malibiya k

As the second Forecasted balance at the beginning of 2004 care and the acceptance of the second seco	\$44,822,464
Adjustment to forecasted balance at the beginning of 2004 as a second matter to	
2003 investment amounts less than updated forecast 30 20 4 (\$ 2,017,520	)
2003 disposal of long-term investment cost more	
than updated forecast $(\underline{1,337,146})$	) ( 3,354,666)
Investment income under the equity method structure of the construction which	3,902,929
Cash dividends received by subsidiaries	279,759
and the control of the	·
and the state of Increase in investments that they have before an extremely a second of the property of	738,958
The state of Disposal of investments of the state of the	( 568,416)
Cash dividends. We have a military from the content of the line of the content of	(\$2,955,860)
- The Control Country Carlot Country State (A Supplementary Control Country State Co	
Balance, end of 2004.	<u>\$42,865,168</u>

d. Short-term bank loans and overdraft, commercial papers payable, bonds payable and long-term debts

The Corporation expects to increase short-term loans of \$353,658, commercial papers of \$1,639,

long-term debts of \$2,183,000 and other working capital to repay long-term debts of \$50,000 and bonds payable of \$10,000,000.

### Appropriations of retained earnings ---

The Corporation projected to appropriate its 2003 earnings, based on its dividend policy, as follows:

			1 98 C 14-14-14 (1997)
Legal reserve			2 may 60 mm - 12 mm \$ 3,626,891
Cash dividends	•		And the second s
Common stock			28,356,863
Preferred stock			143,286
Stock dividends			and the state of t
Common stock	•		2,835,686
Preferred stock	.₩ }	119是11年	14,329
Bonus to directors	and supervisors		97,725
Bonus to employee	es		977,255
• •	and the world are the	Company.	24 3 8 746
	processor and a second		61.25 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Cash dividends to both preferred and common stockholders are \$3 per share, while stock dividends to both preferred and common stockholders are \$0.3 per share.

### Treasury stock

Treasury stocks for the year ending December 31, 2004 are as follows:

and the prince the section dis-	Thousand Shares 129			End of Year		
ese les uns les les holls resten Les t <b>il Purpose</b> la les till	Beginning	4. This:	ખીલની વસા	Thousand	Amount	
1)Shares acquired for transfer to employees	. শহুমটা চচন্দ্রতের । <b>36</b>	ଶରୀ (ଶ୍ୱାଅଟି) -	36		\$	
2)Shares acquired and held by subsidiaries	93,253	2,798	- <u> </u>	96,051	_1,271,726	
1) Transfer to employees		a mit dager	Algorithm &	n en gr	<u>\$1,271,726</u>	

### 1) Transfer to employees

The Corporation acquired its common stock for transfer to employees. In January 2003, the Corporation transferred 149,964 thousand shares to employees, resulting in a decrease in capital surplus of \$82,614 and retained earnings of \$14,863. The Corporation will transfer the remaining 36 thousand shares to employees in 2004 and expect no material impact to capital structure.

### Shares acquired and held by subsidiaries

Brundin 12 & 22 3 As of January 1, 2004, the Corporation's shares acquired and held by subsidiaries were accounted for as treasury stocks (recorded as long-term or short-term investments by investees) amounting to 93,253 thousand shares. The Corporation anticipates that such shares will be increased by 2,798 thousand due to the Coporation's capitalization of retained earnings and such shares are not expected to be disposed in 2004. The market value for shares held by subsidiaries are expected to be \$2,651,008 as of December 31, 2004.

### D. FORECASTED QUARTERLY OPERATING RESULTS FOR 2004

	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total
Revenues Cost of revenues	\$ 32,039,668 21,096,406	\$ 32,957,769 21,700,986	\$ 32,713,057	\$ 31,161,035 20,517,967	\$ 128,871,529
Gross profit	<u>\$ 10,943,262</u>	<u>\$ 11,256,783</u>	<u>\$_11,173,153</u>	\$ 10,643,068	<u>\$ 44,016,266</u>
Gross profit ratios	<u>34%</u>	<u>34%</u>	<u>34%</u>	34%	<u>34%</u>
Income before income tax	<u>\$ 10,445,451</u>	<u>\$ 10,758,972</u>	<u>\$ 10,675,342</u>	\$ 10,145,235	\$ 42,025,000

### E. SENSITIVE ANALYSIS OF THE FORECASTED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 2004 C19.868, P\$ 8 11 192 got shows a way to be

a. Changes in foreign exchange rate

Forecasted exchange rate of New Taiwan Dollars against U.S. Dollars: US\$1=NT\$34. Amounts expected to be affected by the change in exchange rate:

State of the state of the first terms

Revenues (export sales)		US\$	928,344,559
Costs of imported raw materials and supplies	v.	(	1,189,507,063)
Other operating expenses		(	3,134,707)

वर्गविद्यालीमी च्यांचि

(<u>US\$ 264,297,211</u>)

Effect of fluctuations on exchange rate:

Appreciation (Depreciation) of New Taiwan Dollars		क्षेत्र सम्बन्धाः पुत्रते ।	Increase (Decrease) in Income Before Income Tax	
	A Property O	The state of the s		
#	1% 1%) 873.2	470 01 1.65 (c) 202 - 13.25	\$ 89,861 ( 89,861) % d	
2.	Changes in unit selling price	818.473.0	Walter Commence	
.*		22.4位26.4	Francisco (Contractor)	
f 	Estimated average unit price for 2004:	\$12.6 per ton	a di magamenta. Mantai anyang Palak	
	Estimated sales volume for 2004:—10	,000,000 tons	State of Articles	
	Effect of changes in unit selling price:	30237532	. I	
Α,	Increase (Decrease) in Unit Selling Price	\$1 <b>98</b> 8222	Increase (Decrease) in Revenues	
a d	1% 434 344 1%) 444 444	947 - 124 874 - 125	\$ 1,260,000 \$ 1 ( 1,260,000 \$ 1	

en en la composition de la composition La composition de la FOR ECASTER QUARTE DAY OFF TO INGRED

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3. Changes in sales volume:

the state of the s Estimated average gross profit for 2004: \$4.353 per ton THE PROPERTY OF THE

200 120

Effect of changes in sales volume:

Increase (Decrease) in Sales Volume

Increase (Decrease) in Gross Profit

\$ 435,300 435,300)

4. Changes in cost of raw materials:

EDING A STABLESS FOR 1992

Forecasted cost of raw materials for 2004: \$44,598,022

Effect of changes in cost of revenues:

Increase (Decrease) in Cost of Raw Materials

J 1 1 22

regulars fold the second of leading against a second Increase (Decrease) in Cost

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1%

sation and included the satisfactors and 445,980 -(46,445,980)

### F. ACHIEVEMENT OF 2003 UPDATED FORECAST

	Nine Months	tot og skrive i og alle og kultil i till i till i t			
1 (4889 3501 A) - 1 - 1	Ended	2003			
८ 💷 अस्तः 🍱 ध्यः रेग्स	September 30, 2003	Original Updated		Achievement (%)	
.28			e 1		
Revenues	\$ 96,228,074	\$113,365,588	\$,128,562,818	75	
Cost of revenues	62,153,446	73,000,152	82,627,853	75	
Gross profit	34,074,628	40,365,436	45,934,965	. 74	
Operating expense	3,865,700	4,832,049	5,148,000	75	
Income from operations	30,208,928	35,533,387	40,786,965	74	
Non-operating income	5,241,872	3,290,927	6,197,235	85	
Non-operating expenses	1,525,242	2,284,314	1,984,200	77	
Income before income tax	33,925,558	36,540,000	45,000,000	75	
Tax	6,276,306	7,364,000	8,731,089	· 72	
Net income	<u>\$ 27,649,252</u>	\$ 29,176,000	<u>\$. 36,268,911</u>	76	
Basic EPS		• •	1 1: 1:	-	
Before tax	NT\$ 3.62	NT\$ 3.88	NT\$ 4.80	75	
After tax	NT\$ 2.95	NT\$ 3.10	NT\$ 3.87	76	

1. The 2003 original forecasted financial statements was published on December 17, 2002. Due to the change in assumptions and circumstances, the 2003 forecasted financial statements were updated on Octorber 30, 2003.

### 2. The reason and impact for update:

### a. Reason:

The changes in the basic assumptions for the revenues, cost of revenues and non-operating income are mainly resulting from the increase in the demand of international steel market, the increase in product prices and quantities and the increase in investment income under equity method. Consequently, the updated gross profit and income before income tax increased substantially, as compared with the original forecast.

### b. Impact amount:

The gross profit and income before income tax increased by \$5,569,529 (14%) and \$8,460,000 (23%), respectively.

### G. ACHIEVEMENT OF 2004 FORECAST

Not applicable.

### China Steel Corporation Announcement

04 FEB 11 AM 7:21

The important resolutions made by the 10<sup>th</sup> conference of the 11<sup>th</sup> boards of directors of the Company

June 18, 2003

 Approving the agenda to participate East Asia United Steel Corporation Investment Project

CSC, Sumitomo Metal Industries (SMI) and Sumitomo Corporation (SC) will establish a joint venture company named East Asia United Steel Corporation (EAU) in Japan. CSC will invest 10 billion JPY in total and hold 33% of EAU Steel's shares.

- 2. Approving the revamping and modification of No.4 & 5 slab continuous casters of steel making plant and total investment is estimated to be NT\$2,101,910,000
- 3. Approving the secondary ladle furnace installation at BOF plant I And total investment is estimated to be NT\$604,143,000
- 4. Approving the revamping project of existing cold-heading steel wire plant and total investment is estimated to be NT\$267,960,000
- 5. Approving the Conversion Sale Program for CSC common shareholders to sell shares via GDR

China Steel Corporation

Y.C. Chen
Executive Vice President

### **China Steel Corporation Announcement**

The important resolutions made by the 2nd extraordinary conference of the 11<sup>th</sup> board of directors of the Company

Jan 27 2004

### Subject:

Board of directors has resolved to dispose common shares of Taisil Electronic Materials Corp.

### **Contents:**

- 1. Transaction volume: 139,998,500
- 2. Unit price: NT\$10
- 3. Total transaction price: NT\$1,399,985,000
- 4. Counterpart to the trade and its relationship to the Company: MEMC Electronic Material, Inc., No relationship to the Company.
- 5. Anticipated profit: NT\$209,765,000

**China Steel Corporation** 

Y.C. Chen

**Executive Vice President**